

EAST BAY LABOR JOURNAL

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'Right to Wreck' drive starts

REPORT

To Our Reader - Owners

A GOOD OLD JOKE

The other day the present writer laughed heartily at a good old standard American joke at which he must have laughed a hundred times before when it showed up in one of its many forms.

It seems the boss told the young man, Yes, he'd give him the job of sweeping out the store.

"But," protested the young man, "I'm a college graduate."

"Okay, then," replied the boss, "I'll show you how."

★ ★ ★

'ALL EQUALS'

The notion that a college graduate couldn't be expected to know how to do a simple thing, or really any kind of a practical thing, is deeply imbedded in the minds of many of us Americans. Men of the forest, the construction camp, the farm, the handicraft, express through their jokes against college graduates a deep sense that all men are equal.

This smart young feller, we imply, when we joke about his college degree, he thinks he knows a lot because he's been digging into books, but he really don't know nothing much we don't know, neither. Some such appropriate language as that.

★ ★ ★

THE JOKE WILL DIE

Perhaps because the present writer is not a college man he may overestimate the value of a college education. But he remembers so well when he started in his present trade after doing many other things that the idea prevailed that a college education was sure to be the ruin of a newspaperman. And he has seen so many times since that it just isn't so. These young men and women learn things at college they never would learn in the famed School of Experience.

As time passes the number of those of us who still like to laugh at the many variants of that good old joke cited above will decline, and the number of Americans who believe in higher education will increase.

CLLPE state conference

Labor representatives from all over the state will make the "right to wreck" initiative their first order of business at a California Labor League for Political Education January 17 and 18 in Los Angeles.

The conference will review the anti-labor measure January 17, followed by a session on voter registration. January 18 will be devoted to a study of doubtful Congressional and state legislative districts.

OFFICIAL NOTICES

Unions will find notices of important meetings called by their officers on page 5 of this issue of the Journal.



CHEER FOR CHILDREN instead of the traditional adult holiday conviviality was the motto of Auto and Ship Painters Local 1176. The union eliminated its Christmas party and used the money it would have cost to buy toys for children of members of Paint Makers Local 1101, on strike at the C. K. Williams Company. Les Moore, Local 1176 business agent, here shows Robert Garman (left) and Anthony Morelli Jr., how their toys operate. Besides the gifts of toys, all families of strikers received Christmas boxes with turkey and all the trimmings from the labor movement and some individual members of unions.

M-Ward strike progress told

Two more Montgomery Ward stores were struck in the east and midwest this week as the Retail Clerks International Association reported "excellent" reaction to the union's appeal to the public.

A total of five stores are struck only one of them in California, but Clerks' volunteers are handing out leaflets in front of other stores, telling of Ward's long record of refusing to bargain for realistic wages.

The California State Federation of Labor and the AFL-CIO both have urged support to the Clerks' attempt to get better pay from the giant concern.

The response of union members to the message of the clerks' leaflets has been excellent and that of the general public has been from good to excellent, John Philpott, the RCIA's Southwest Division director said. Momentum of the union's campaign has steadily increased since it started last week, he said. The one California strike, at Whittier is very effective, he declared.

Meanwhile, Tom Connor, business agent and vice president of Warehousemen's Local 853, a Teamster affiliate here, clarified the situation at the Oakland Ward retail store and mail order operation.

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There's plenty of \$\$ for 'wreck' plan, Ash warns

The "voluntary unionists" who have filed the newest version of the old open shop plan shouldn't fool anybody with their claim to be supported by working people, Central Labor Council Secretary Robert S. Ash warned this week.

They have the millions to collect signatures to put the "right to wreck" initiative on the ballot and then to barrage the voters with the propaganda to confuse them into voting for it, he told the CLC meeting.

Labor, he said, will have to raise comparable millions to "match television program for

television program, radio to radio, newspaper advertisement to newspaper advertisement and billboards to billboards" to bring the truth about "right to wreck" to the voters.

"The 'right to work' initiative has been filed for titling, and when it is titled they will be circulating petitions for signatures," Ash said.

"This means that they have a lot of dough. It should cost them \$1,000,000 to \$2,000,000 just to get the signatures they need."

Ash said he expected that the

MORE on page 3

BTC debates new constitution

Delegates to the Building Trades Council staged a lively debate last week over the new AFL-CIO Building Trades Department constitution and finally postponed action on making it effective here.

The new national constitution would drastically reduce rank and file participation in the local BTC by cutting its delegate total from 170 to 80.

Local BTC Business Representative J. L. Childers, with support from the state Building Trades Council, sought to ease

the new restrictions at the department's convention, but the resolutions he introduced were defeated.

The matter came on the floor last week in a report from the BTC's Board of Business Agents, recommending that since efforts to modify the constitution had failed, it be made effective by the local council April 1.

Hughie Rutledge, of Painters Local 127, moved instead that the next BTC meeting January

MORE on page 5

Anti-union vote asked; fight looms

With millions of dollars assured for their war chest and with the support of a small but active group of politicians and employers, the "right to work" law advocates moved last week to put their anti-union shop measure on the California ballot.

Filing of a petition for titling of an initiative measure for this year's election was the starting gun of a contest in which responsible labor-management relations and labor unions' ability to get better wages and protect pension and welfare benefits will be at stake.

A measure to outlaw the union shop was last before the voters in 1944. It was snuffed under by 500,000 votes. Labor, church groups, and many employers joined the battle against it to prevent weakening of unions and disruption of industrial relations.

Since then, Secretary C. J. Haggerty of the California State Federation of Labor recalled, "a small group of agitators and malcontents" have tried to push the same plan through the Legislature.

"Having been consistently and overwhelmingly repudiated by the lawmakers," Haggerty said, "they have now turned to a public campaign of fraud and misrepresentation."

Haggerty called a strategy meeting for Saturday, January 25, when representatives of all central labor councils and building trades councils will seek to coordinate the statewide battle to defeat the initiative.

The session will be held at the Musicians Hall, 230 Jones St., San Francisco. Because of the seriousness of the threat to be met, Haggerty said it was "imperative" that all councils be represented.

Unwillingly underscoring Haggerty's charge of "misrepresentation," the lawyer who filed the

MORE on page 6

TRUSTEE NOMINATIONS SET FOR JANUARY 20-27

Nominations for a three-year term on the Central Labor Council board of trustees will be made at the CLC's meetings January 20 and 27, with election scheduled February 3, Executive Secretary Robert Ash announced this week.

The election is necessary because of expiration of the one-year term to which William Stumpf, of East Bay Union of Machinists, was elected when the AFL and CIO Councils merged last February.

At that time, trustees were elected for one-year, two-year and three-year terms.

HOW TO BUY

TV repair, parts costs up

By SIDNEY MARGOLIUS
Labor Consumer Advisor for Labor Journal

It isn't the initial cost of a television set that hurts these days. It's the repairs.

Dr. Persia Campbell, New York State's Consumer Counsel, reported over a year ago that various authorities estimated the cost of TV repairs at \$14 to \$40 a year per set. At 1958 prices, the estimates would run \$15 to \$43.

TV repair costs have been rising faster than almost any other item. They went up 10 percent from 1955 to June, 1957, compared to an overall rise in living costs of about 5 percent. From 1952 to 1957 TV repair costs jumped 25 percent, compared to 15 percent for auto repairs.

Legitimate TV service is expensive enough. But there is also a fringe of high-pressure organizations which tend to advertise low service call rates but build up charges through devious methods.

One Eastern chain, for example, will notify its servicemen to "make today a \$20 day."

Another device of gouging firms is to have three prices for all jobs, as \$14, \$18, and \$22. If a customer seems sophisticated or suspicious, the repairman will charge the lower price.

In Detroit, wage earners complained to their union about a firm which advertised in the local edition of TV Guide a charge of only \$3.95 a call including all parts and labor. Ironically, this firm advertised, "Protect yourself from the TV repair gouge!" One working woman reported she actually paid \$52.45 for a two-year contract which supposedly gives free parts replacement, plus \$3.95 for each call up to six, and no charge thereafter.

Even though this was higher than the firm had advertised, what subsequently happened was even worse. She was charged \$6.53 instead of the agreed-upon \$3.95 and the set was worse than ever. The store that had sold it to her finally fixed it for \$5.

The customer tried to get back her down payment on the contract. The service outfit instead threatened to sue for the balance. Her union local's attorney advised her not to pay, and to let him know if the firm actually sued. It never did.

In a survey last week, this reporter found manufacturer service departments now charge \$6 to \$8 an hour.

This department's own estimate is that a labor charge of \$4 to \$5.50 would be in line with the market, depending on local

conditions. To many wage-earners earning under \$2.25 an hour, this seems high when you see that sometimes the repair took only ten minutes.

But the rate must include transportation costs and time, shop and equipment expenses and other overhead. Trying to find a low labor service charge lets you open for hidden gouges. Too, a really skilled serviceman can solve problems faster than one less skilled, at a lower final cost.

The sharp operator every family must guard against is the firm that habitually pulls sets out to repair them in the shop.

Michael Kaleda, television engineer who trained servicemen for a leading manufacturer, advises that almost all sets can be repaired in the home. At least two national service managers similarly say 95 percent of the sets can be repaired in the home. Kaleda says the most frequent service calls merely require replacement of one of the receiving tubes.

Beware the firm that advertises a low charge for a call, as \$2 or \$2.50, and removes the set without first making a diligent effort to repair the trouble in your home.

Some firms habitually remove set so the set owner won't see the high priced repair takes only 20 minutes.

Unscrupulous firms also build up fees by replacing parts still in working condition. They sell them to other people. An honest serviceman always leaves the old tube or parts, even worn-out antenna brackets he may have had to replace.

There is a definite high-pricing in parts. It would cost \$175-\$225 to buy all the replacement parts for a small set you could buy brand new and assembled for \$125-\$150.

Servicemen blame manufacturers and distributors for the high cost of parts. They themselves get a discount of 50 percent on receiving tubes, 35-40 percent on parts, and about 25-28 percent on picture tubes. They claim they need this in addition to the labor charge, to cover expense of picking up and stocking parts. Some people in the larger cities will buy the picture tube themselves from a semi-wholesaler and have a serviceman install it. A scrupulous serviceman will install a picture tube if you want to pick it up, although he would prefer to sell it to you. (If there are no radio and TV parts jobbers in your area who give discounts, you can get price lists from such firms as Allied Radio, 100 N. Western Ave., Chicago, and Lafayette Radio, with stores in several cities and home office at 100 Sixth Ave., New York.) Their catalogues also give you a way to make sure you are not overcharged for parts.

To the Ladies: FROM the EDITOR

A LIST OF DRUNKS has been prepared by the City Council of Ustronia, a little town in Poland.

The list is to be displayed in all restaurants and bars. No vodka is to be served to those whose names are on the list.

THAT'S DRASTIC and in line with the way they do things in Communist countries.

On this side of the iron curtain, we make up such lists privately, and in the quiet of our homes. Finally, after much hesitation and many qualms, we put down on that list the names of some people we like very much, but you know how it is...

IN THIS CONNECTION, don't forget that the percentage of alcoholics and coincidentally of suicides is higher in the Bay Area than in most parts of the country.

Books—authors

Woman's role in modern society is the subject of two books. Thomas Yoseloff will issue "Woman, the Dominant Sex," by Hendrik de Leeuw, a study of "momism" in this country. The author contends that "momism" has "turned the United States into a matriarchate," changing normal patterns of family living and acquiring a "firm hold" on the economy, "making it increasingly difficult for men to retain their individuality and traditional sexual status."

Vantage will issue "The Trouble With Women," by Eleanor Metheny and James A. Peterson. It is an analysis based on the stories of five women, different in education, background, circumstances and desires. The problems that "plague" women in their relationship with men socially and economically.

'Dangers in the kitchen'

The family kitchen is apt to be more hazardous than the highway, according to a recent survey. To help eliminate potential tragedies in the kitchen, American Visuals has published a public service safety booklet. A sixteen-page, two-color booklet, "Dangers in the Kitchen" is available at 25 cents a copy by writing the company, 460 Fourth Avenue, New York 16, N. Y. The text contains information on how to handle safely knives, grinders and choppers, slicers, electrical wiring and outlets, grease fires, cleaners and insecticides.

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The modern father's ways

The modern father is a moron, according to television and comics, while in ancient times he was a tyrant.

Aside from being a moron, the man spends half of his time building a home, and the other half getting out of and running away from it.

As a result, today's families lack the definite spiritual and cultural links, which only a responsible parent can provide.

How can children grow up, mature and develop into useful citizens in such an environment?

Today's youth should be fully equipped with the cultural heritage by the time it enters the higher educational institutions, yet how many parents fail to provide that heritage?

Too many parents are under the false impression that it is in colleges that their children will acquire the characteristics they should have received at home.—Rabbi Harry Halpern.

Women in This World

By EDITH McCONN

A couple of eons ago, when we were in the fourth grade and Love came to us, a bit of mooning about, some walks home from school with books duly carried, and some whispering in class pretty well took care of the situation. Ah, life was simple then!

In these dynamic days however, a nine-year-old, stricken with this ancient malady, in order to compete with the other young blades, must take this girl to the "show" with all the trimmings.

One young blade, on a recent Saturday, announced to all and sundry:

"I'm taking my date to the show this afternoon," rushed through his morning chores, and hurried off to get a hair cut without any of the usual long arguments with his elders. As his sister later commented, "He was real shook up about it."

He refused offers of a ride in the family car. He was taking his "date" on the bus with his own money, and her ten-year-old brother was taking his "date" too—a "double date" really.

The bus cost thirty cents, the tickets fifty. Then the young lady was asked if she'd like some candy. She would! The seventy-cent box, please!

When the show was over, the young blade discovered to his chagrin that he did not have thirty cents left for the bus fare home. What to do? Simple! (Though this solution might not have occurred to one of us slow-witted adults.)

These resourceful young men went back into the empty theater, got down on their hands and knees and scrambled about under the vacant seats until they had picked up enough carelessly dropped pennies to make up the deficit.

Home at last, the nine-year-old recounted his adventures. Then after reflecting a moment he looked up and said:

"You know, daddy, girls are awfully expensive, aren't they? 'Son, they are,' was daddy's heart felt reply.

Prune Alaska

For a delightful dessert, serve prune nut Alaska. Combine chopped, cooked prunes; chopped walnuts, and orange juice. Fold into softened vanilla ice cream and pour the mixture into a baked pastry shell. Chill until firm. Top with meringue. Place in hot oven until brown. Serve immediately.

They marry

Sixty percent of the working women in this country are married. Only one in four "career girls" remains single.

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Course slated in counselling for business agents

The Central Labor Council community services committee will begin its annual counselling course for union business agents and stewards on February 13.

The nine-week course will acquaint union officials with community welfare resources available to meet problems of union members, so that they may refer members to agencies which can help them.

The committee urged that local unions act soon to name those they wish to take the course. Classes will cover such matters as eligibility for public welfare assistance and how to apply for workmen's compensation and unemployment insurance benefits. Officials taking the course will also be trained in referring union members to family service and other social agencies.

Cost for the weekly classes and a graduation dinner, slated for April 9 is \$4.50 per student.

The course will be held on Thursdays ending April 13. Morning classes will be given at the Central Labor Council, 2315 Valdez St., Oakland, from 10 a.m. to 12 noon. The same subjects will be repeated at Thursday evening classes from 7:30 to 9:30 p.m. at Communications Workers Local 9415 headquarters, 521 14th Street, Oakland.

Assistant CLC Secretary Arthur Hellender will be in charge of course, aided by Ray Colliver and Frank White, the committee's representatives to the United Crusade. Heads of social agencies will address the classes.

There's plenty of money for 'wreck' plan Secty. Ash warns

Continued from page 1

California State Federation of Labor would ask that unions set aside money well in advance of the time when it will have to be spent to fight the initiative to outlaw the union shop, and with it a large part of labor's strength.

State Federation Secretary C. J. Haggerty and State CIO President John Despol have both estimated that it will cost more than \$1,000,000 to make a statewide fight against the union-smashing proposal, he said.

DEBATE ON RW WILL HAVE ENTIRE CLC IN AUDIENCE

The January 27 meeting of the Central Labor Council will be called at 7 p.m. at the Labor Temple—an hour early so that delegates can get essential business over with and then adjourn in a body to a debate on the "right to wreck" plan.

CLC Secretary Robert S. Ash will debate the anti-union shop scheme with President Winston Caldwell, of the California Association of Employers. The debate will start at 8 p.m. at Westlake Junior High School, 26th and Harrison Streets, under auspices of the Oakland Civic Forum.

The one-hour meeting of the council will concern itself only with nominations for one CLC trustee post. Delegates, informed this week that their constitution requires the nominations to be made January 20 and 27, voted for the short January 27 session, so they could attend the debate.

"Plus what local councils will have to raise, you can figure that the campaign will cost \$2,500,000 to \$3,000,000," he predicted.

"That's a lot of money, but we're going to have to raise it," he warned.

"Remember, if we are to win we will have to convince those who are not members of our unions that this measure will hurt everyone."

Ash also urged that union

members try to nip the anti-union proposal in the bud by asking everyone they could influence to refuse to sign the petitions.

Otherwise, he said, labor cannot avoid the costly fight to turn back the proposed open-shop measure at the polls.

One means by which labor will fight "right to wreck" is a new Alameda County Council for Political Education which was formally set up last week with representation from the CLC and the Building Trades Council.

Approved by both councils, its constitution now is on the agenda of affiliated locals for concurrence.

The council, headed by Dave Perry, of East Bay Union of Machinists Local 1304, was set up with nine representatives from each council and is to be augmented in number.

Moral: no open season on phone unionists

A woman, who wasn't satisfied with crossing Communications Workers picket lines, but found it necessary to assault a union steward, paid \$100 for the privilege last month.

The scab, who worked at main Oakland telephone company, during last September's nationwide Western Electric strike, was found guilty of assault and battery in Oakland municipal court.

Her victim was Shop Steward Eloise Montoya, of CWA Local 9415 who was visiting the picket line of Local 9490 members on September 16.

Her testimony was that the strikebreaker, after a few hostile remarks, struck her, knocked her down and kicked her.

Despite a defense by the expensive legal firm of Pillsbury, Madison and Sutro, the defendant was found guilty and given her choice of a \$100 fine or 20 days in jail. She paid the fine.

RETAIL FOOD PRICES in San Francisco were virtually unchanged in November as lower meat prices were offset by higher prices for fresh fruits and produce and eggs, according to the U. S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics.

CLC seeks data on jobless totals here

The Central Labor Council is asking local unions to furnish data on unemployment in an effort to check the accuracy of state and federal totals of jobless.

Secretary Robert S. Ash said locals will be asked to list unemployed totals for December and January and compare the January figure with January, 1957.

The CLC also wants to know if current jobless levels are the highest in history.

Ash told the CLC the executive board sought the data to learn if published figures were correct or if public agencies merely listed those who were still drawing jobless insurance.

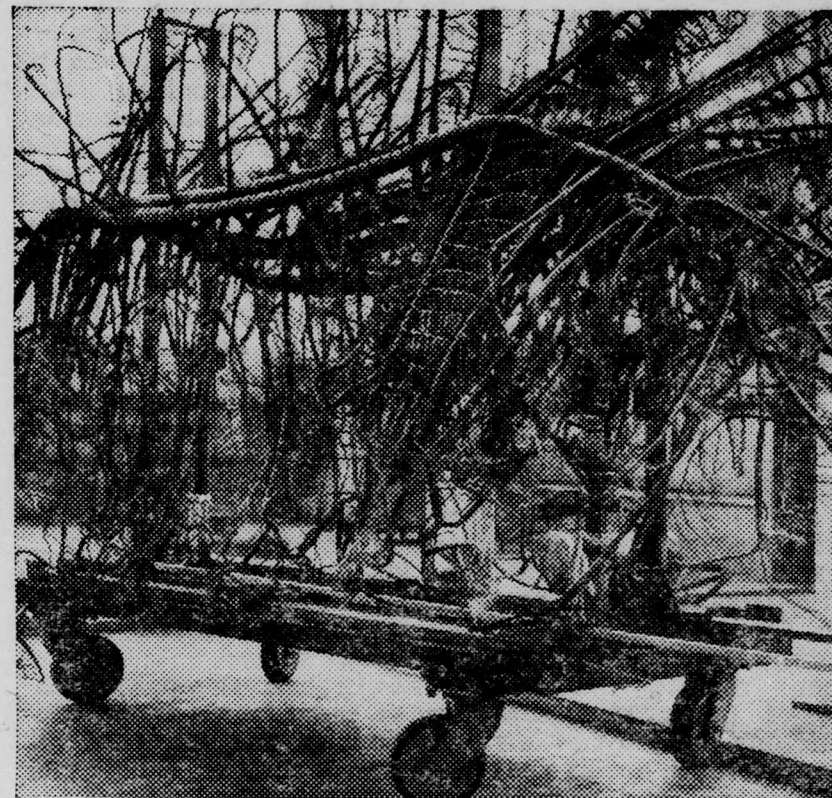
The figures from local unions are needed to determine if Alameda County is following the nationwide trend of increasing joblessness.

Look for the union shop card, ask for a union clerk to serve you, and demand the union label!

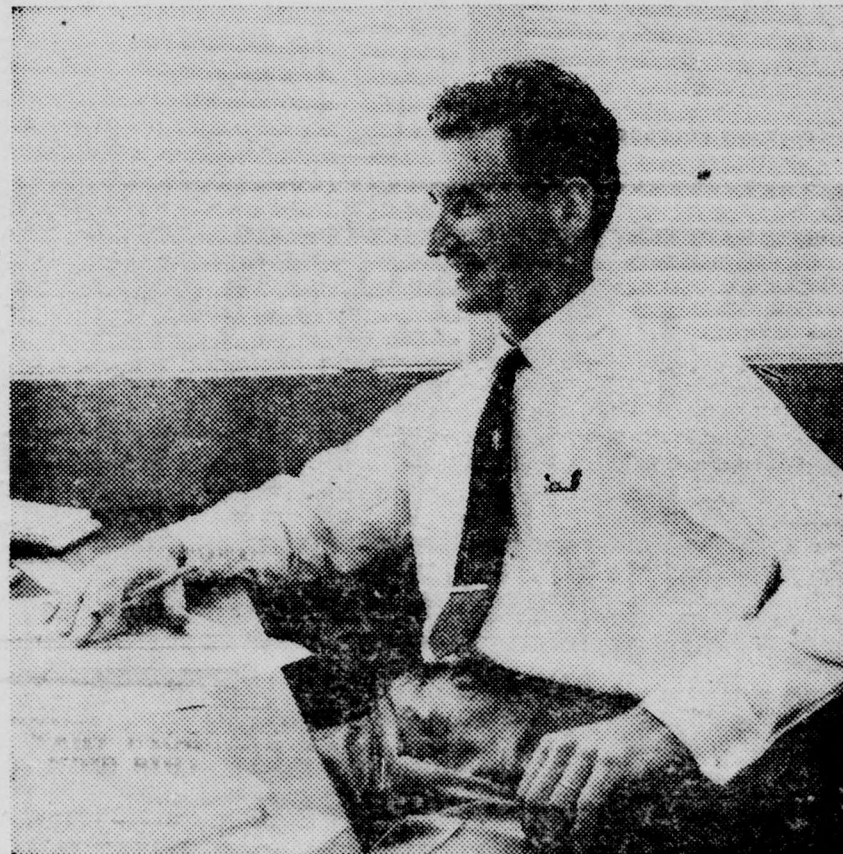
WHAT'S DOING



J. E. Madrigal your telephone manager in East Oakland and San Leandro



What have we here? A dinosaur skeleton? Or a monster from one of those spooky movies the kids seem to like so much? Wrong both ways. These are pre-formed telephone cables. They're for the switching equipment that helps handle your calls. How are these "gentle monsters" born? First, telephone people hammer nails in just the right places. Around this pattern—sort of like a jig-saw puzzle—they run thousands of wires. In the end, the whole thing's ready to fit right into a phone system. By doing wiring jobs like this in advance, we can expand service faster—to meet your growing needs.



John D. Sutter, Assistant Engineer in San Leandro, was responsible for the engineering of a major underground conduit project which will place additional telephone conduit and manholes along E. 14th Street from 23rd Avenue to 34th Avenue, Fruitvale Avenue to the Kellogg Central Office on Foothill Boulevard, and south from E. 14th Street on 29th Avenue. Construction work will begin this month.

John, an Oakland resident, lives with his wife, Lois, and their two children, John Joseph and Kathleen, at 3476 Maple Avenue.

Contra Costa nixes 'right to work' plan

Contra Costa County supervisors have made it clear that they do not intend to adopt a "right to work" ordinance.

The Contra Costa board took the position in response to an inquiry made by Tuolumne County officials.

"We just got through considering a dog ordinance and I'm in favor of letting sleeping dogs lie," said Supervisor Melvin F. Nielsen, as the subject came up before the county board.

Tuolumne County gave no reasons why it had asked if Contra Costa had adopted or planned to adopt a "right to work" measure.—CLLPE Newsletter.

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WASHINGTON, 16th, AND SAN PABLO

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INTEREST
ON
SAVINGS

M-Ward strike progress told

Continued from page 1

Both are under signed union contracts with the warehousemen, he pointed out and are not involved in the Clerks' nationwide negotiations. Clerks Local 1265 is involved with the Hayward store, he said.

"Warehousemen's Union Local 853 is more than sympathetic to the cause of improving the wages, hours and working conditions of any group of working men and women and more than appreciative of the problems faced by Local 1265 in dealing with Ward's," he said.

The local and the Teamsters' nationwide Montgomery Ward Council will continually seek to improve Ward contracts through negotiations, he said.

But, he took exception to the Clerks' request for consumer support of their demands as far as it affects the Oakland stores, where Warehousemen contracts have been ratified by the employees.

"Warehousemen's Local 853 and its members at the Oakland retail and mail order operation of Ward's request the support of all organized labor by making purchases at the Oakland store location," his statement declared.

"The one request the Ward Employees Committee for Organization would make of the general public is that when shopping at Ward's they request to be waited on by a member of Warehousemen's Union Local 853."

Jobless claims record

The total of workers filing claims for unemployment benefits for the first time hit a record high for 1957 during the week ending December 14, the Government reports. The Department of Labor says that 413,200 persons applied initially for jobless insurance during that period. This was 17,100 more than the total in the previous week, and 264,600 more than in the corresponding week last year.—AFLCIO—COPE.

Steamfitters Local 342

By JIM MARTIN

You received a letter from this Union office the past week, which explained the "Right to Work" law and the need for you and your family to register and VOTE election time, etc. Please make it a point to read this letter and do not destroy it. Keep it for future reference.

This office has been advised by Brother C. J. Haggerty, Secretary of the California State Federation of Labor, that a "Right to Work" petition outlawing union shop and all union security contracts and aimed at the complete destruction of unions in California was presented to the Attorney General's office for title on Wednesday, January 8, 1958. Following the titling of this anti-labor measure by the Attorney General and certification by the Secretary of State, the sponsors of this measure will be required to obtain 322,429 signatures of qualified voters by June 26, 1958, to be able to place this measure on the November 4, 1958 ballot.

You will recall a similar measure was on the ballot in 1944, termed the "Right of Employment", which was defeated by more than a half million votes. Therefore, it is most important that you, your family, children over 21 and your friends, register to vote. Registering will continue until April 12, 1958, which is the deadline date. If we all register, Labor will be in a position to qualify its endorsed candidates for the Primary Election June 3, 1958.

Arrangements have been made to meet with representatives of the Midwest Piping and Supply Company to discuss this company's contract, covering the extension of present facilities at the PG&E power house in Pittsburg, California. This extension program is covered over a two-year program.

The Bechtel Company platformer plant, now under construction at the Standard Oil Refinery, Richmond, should pick up as materials and fabrications are ready for installation.

Be sure to attend our next meeting which will be held on February 6.

Theatrical Local B-82

By JOE CONNELLY

As we have pointed out in the past this copy is obviously prepared in advance of the publication date. We realize too, that although the publication day is Friday, in some cases it is delivered Thursday. With that in mind, for the benefit of those who receive the paper Thursday we wish to remind them that the annual election of officers is slated for January 16, 1958, at the union business office, with the polls open from 10 a.m. to 7 p.m.

Vieing for the position of President are the incumbent, Jack Lubkert and Wesley Stone. Florence Forsberg is opposing Richard Figeroid for the Vice-presidency.

Joe Connelly and Dick Mead are the opponents for the office of Business Manager.

Bill Taylor and Lil (Fiannaca) Sabatini are in the race for the office of Recording Secretary-Treasurer.

Executive Board nominees are: Claire (McKinley) Costello, Charlotte Thomsen, Frances Lockett, Martin Schlom, Elmer Loofbourrow, Ethel Day, Shirley (Wuace) Hart, and Jane Schaeffer. There are seven to be elected.

Nominated as delegates to the Alameda County Theatrical Federation in addition to Brothers Mead, Taylor, Lubkert and Connelly are Jerome Bettencourt and Martin Schlom, with three to be elected.

The offices of Sergeant-at-Arms, and a Board of Trustees of three, as well as a delegate to the Contra Costa County Central Labor Council are to be appointed by the incoming president.

As the President and Business Manager are delegates to Alameda County Central Labor Council the lone nominee for that post elected by acclamation is Eloise Kentner.

Next week we'll have the results of the election, either in this space or elsewhere in the edition.

Paint Makers' 1101

By PETE CEREMELLO

Brother Robert Kytönen is at present in the Highland Hospital, 2701 - 14th Avenue, Oakland. He will be hospitalized for several months.

It gets lonesome and extremely boring doing nothing, so I'm sure he would welcome visits from his fellow union brothers.

We all send him our best wishes for a quick return to health, and hope that he'll be back with us again in record time.

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Chips and Chatter

By AL THOMAN

Further information now is available on vacation money for Carpenters Union members.

The bank, which handles the vacation account, will mail a statement to each carpenter about February 15, totalling the hours worked in 1957. Included will be an application for vacation payment.

Members should then bring their statement to their union hall, where the business agent will sign it. When this is forwarded to the bank, members will get their vacation pay.

Watchmakers Local 101

By GEORGE F. ALLEN

We are very pleased to report that we have reached an agreement covering the employees in the Dial Refinishing shops.

The agreement will be for two years, with a minimum wage of \$1.90 per hour effective January 1, 1958, to be increased to a \$2.00 per hour minimum on January 1, 1959.

Also, the same vacation clause relative to the three weeks' vacation as was granted in the Watchmakers Union Agreement, will become effective in 1959.

SAN FRANCISCO MEMBERSHIP MEETING: The next membership meeting will be held on Thursday, January 23rd at 7:30 p.m., Native Sons Bldg., 414 Mason St., San Francisco.

Nomination of Officers will take place at this meeting.

Lone labor man on panel at welfare fund talk

A panel of speakers heavily loaded with industry and government representatives will also include Arthur J. Goldberg, of the AFLCIO, at a conference on union welfare funds January 20 in San Francisco.

Goldberg, counsel for the AFL-CIO Industrial Union Department, was the only labor name in the list of speakers for the conference. Sponsors are the San Francisco and United States chambers of commerce, the Federated Employers of San Francisco and the Western Pension Conference.

It is billed as a study of possible legislation to prevent abuses in welfare fund handling.

Beck denied new trial

Dave Beck, outgoing president of the Teamsters Union this week lost his appeal for a new trial on his grand larceny conviction in Seattle over the sale of union-owned cars. Sentence is due next month, but Beck said he would appeal.

Farm union wins right to data on imported labor

Ernesto Galarza, of the AFL-CIO Farm Workers Union, has finally pried out of the State Department of Employment the right to know how many Mexican nationals and other imported laborers are working on California farms.

Galarza has charged that the foreign workers were employed in the central valleys while farm workers who are citizens were out of work.

The federal law governing the importation of labor requires that citizens must be given priority for jobs over the imported workers.

But to Galarza's demands to know how many foreign workers are employed, Edward Hayes, chief placement officer of the Department of Employment, has replied that the figures are confidential.

The big concession came when the departments lawyer, M. P. McCaffrey, ruled that totals of foreign workers in each county are public and must be released on request. The department still holds that the number or individual farms is confidential, however.

McCaffrey made his ruling after Galarza had complained to Governor Knight that Mexican citizens were employed in the San Joaquin Valley while U. S. citizens were out of work.

So State Employment Director H. W. Stewart released the figures as of December when, he disclosed, there were 34,000 imported workers on California farms. The 1957 peak was 95,000 in October.

Stewart's figures revealed that 2,031 foreign workers were employed in San Joaquin County on November 9, and 1,283 were still working in the county on November 30, when Galarza was complaining that 2,000 to 3,000 domestic farm workers were unemployed.

Total of jobless sets 8-year high

Government figures this week disclosed that 3,374,000 persons were unemployed in December, the highest jobless total for any December since the postwar recession year of 1949.

The figure was the highest for any month since February, 1950, the labor and commerce departments declared.

California had the third largest state increase in unemployment recipients in December, when 46,000 more had to seek jobless benefits.

Besides the big jump in unemployment, there was a marked increase in numbers of persons working short weeks. The nationwide increase in jobless over the previous December was 660,000 and the increase between November and December, 1957, was 186,000.

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OFFICIAL UNION NOTICES

AUTOMOTIVE MACHINISTS 1546

Please be advised that the January 21, 1958 meeting will be a special called meeting to nominate and elect an assistant business agent to fill the vacancy created by the death of Brother Carl Englund.

Fraternally,
A. J. HAYES,
Recording Secretary

CARPENTERS 194

Unless otherwise specified, the Alameda Carpenter Local will meet on the first and third Friday of each month at 8:00 p.m. in Eagle Hall, 2305 Alameda Ave., Alameda.

Fraternally yours,
J. W. NIXON,
Recording Secretary

CARPENTERS 1158

Special Called Meeting Friday, January 24, 1958, at 8:00 p.m. at 2108 Shattuck Avenue, Berkeley.

Purpose: To elect delegates to the California State Council of Carpenters Convention.

Fraternally,
H. B. RICHARDSON,
Recording Secretary

The 1158 Hess Credit Union will hold its fifth annual meeting on Friday, January 17, 1958, in the Veteran's Memorial Building, 1931 Center Street, Berkeley at 8:00 p.m. All members of Carpenters Local 1158 are invited to attend.

CHARLES BARHAM
Chairman

PAINT MAKERS 1101

This is an official notice to all members of Paint Makers' Union, Local No. 1101. A trustee will be elected at the next regular meeting. Candidates are Charles Herman and Woodrow Wilkinson. All members are urged to attend.

Time: Tuesday, January 21, 1958 at 8:00 p.m. sharp in Hall "A", 1st floor, Labor Temple, 2315 Valdez Street, Oakland.

Fraternally,
PETE CEREMELLO
Business Representative

AUTO & SHIP PAINTERS 1176

The next regular meeting will be held at 8:00 p.m. Tuesday, January 21, 1958, in Hall D, of the Labor Temple, 2315 Valdez Street.

Fraternally,
LESLIE K. MOORE,
Bus. Rep.

BERKELEY PAINTERS LOCAL 40

The next regular meeting of January 24, 1958 has been designated a Special Called Meeting for the purpose of nominating and electing a delegate or delegates to the State Conference of Painters Convention. Please attend this important meeting.

Fraternally yours,
GENE SLATER,
Recording Secretary

CARPENTERS 36

Unless otherwise specified, regular meetings will be held each Friday at 8:00 p.m. at Carpenters Hall, 761 - 12th Street, Oakland, Calif. The next Stewards meeting will be Thursday, January 16, 1958. The educational committee will meet Wednesday, January 22, 1958. All meetings will be at the above specified address.

I also wish to remind the many Brothers that anyone wishing to register to vote for the next election can do so at the meeting of the Local Union.

Fraternally yours,
OSCAR N. ANDERSON
Recording Secretary

HAYWARD CULINARY 823

The next regular meeting will be held at union headquarters at 8:00 p.m. on Tuesday, January 21, 1958.

Fraternally,
ROY WOODS,
Secretary-Treasurer

PAINTERS LOCAL 127

At the last meeting of your local of January 9, 1958, the members present voted the endorsement of the new School Tax ceiling of \$3.12. This is to be voted on in the City of Oakland, February 18, 1958.

The labor movement of Oakland believes that their children should have better schools, as some of them are pretty run down.

This new tax ceiling would also put quite a few men to work in the many schools in Oakland.

Let's talk to our friends to vote "Yes" on this proposition and help put this new tax ceiling over.

Don't forget the next meeting of the Local is a Special Called Meeting, Thursday, January 23, 1958.

Fraternally yours,
EDGAR S. GULBRANSEN,
Recording Secretary

CARPENTERS 194, 1158 & 1473

The Business Agents' and Dispatchers' office is open Monday through Friday, 7:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. in the Labor Temple, 2315 Valdez St., Oakland, room 232, phone TWinoaks 3-1120.

HAYWARD PAINTERS 1178

Again, a Special Meeting will be called to order immediately following the regular meeting Friday night, January 17, 1958, has been adjourned. Election of delegates to the California State Conference of Painters will be the order of business during the Special Meeting. The convention is dated from February 28 through March 2, 1958.

Once more you are urged to bring your check stubs to our office and compare the deductions thereon with deductions contained in the monthly sheet from the Welfare Fund. Don't let this ride; you might be left holding the bag.

Fraternally yours,
ROBERT G. MILLER,
Recording Secretary

CARPENTERS 1473

Fruitvale Local 1473 meets regularly on the first and third Friday of each month unless otherwise specified. Meetings at 8:00 p.m. in Eagle Hall, 1228 - 36th Ave., Oakland.

Fraternally yours,
J. W. KIRKMAN,
Recording Secretary

S. F.-OAKLAND MAILERS 18

The next regular meeting of San Francisco-Oakland Mailers' Union, No. 18, will be held at Key System Employees Building, 410 - 11th Street, Oakland, California, on Sunday afternoon, January 19, 1958, at one o'clock.

DUNCAN ROSS,
Secretary

Stevens recovering after suffering stroke

Homer Stevens, past president of Alameda County School Employees Local 257, is recovering this week from a slight stroke he suffered December 26.

He was discharged from Kaiser Foundation Hospital on January 14 and can see visitors at his home, 3022 Suter St., Oakland.

Stevens, besides his service in the school employees union, has been a delegate to the Alameda County Central Labor Council for 12 years.

Study in contrast: Steelworkers find all kinds in Wash.

A Congressman's or Senator's labor views and his personal attitude toward union members seem to have a close parallel, Steelworkers Local 3367 President Ken Steadman indicated this week.

Steadman told the CLC meeting that he and other rank and file Steelworkers called on three servants of the people — Congressman George P. Miller, Senator Thomas Kuchel and Senator William F. Knowland.

Their reception by the three varied thus:

Miller, with one of the best labor records in Congress, greeted them personally with open arms, discussed their problems and send best wishes to his friends in Alameda County labor.

Kuchel, who has gone on record against Knowland's "right to wreck" views, was unavailable, but the union members were able to see his administrative assistant.

When they asked Kuchel's aide to explain why the senator had endorsed Knowland for governor despite his stated difference of opinion on the anti-union measure, they could get no understandable answer.

When they reached Knowland's office, neither the senator nor any of his important assistants had time to see them. Their interview with a hired hand terminated quickly when they announced they wanted an explanation of Knowland's theory that paid "union bosses" were pushing the rank and file around.

Steadman was in Washington for a Steelworkers national conference at which President David J. McDonald announced the union was seeking to give President Eisenhower its views on how the present recession could be stopped before it snowballs into an unstoppable depression.

The steel industry is operating at only 58 percent of capacity, McDonald told the session. Latest union figures indicate 125,000 steelworkers are unemployed and another 250,000 are working short weeks.

But, Steadman said, McDonald declared he believed the figures had probably tripled since they were collected.

Why not pass this copy of the East Bay Labor Journal to a friend of yours when you are finished reading it!

BTC debates new constitution

Continued from page 1

21 be specially called to act only on the new constitution.

To his motion, Bruce Dillashaw, of Cement Masons Local 594, rejoined that the constitution must be accepted whether or not local delegates wanted it.

"We got it last August," he told the BTC, "and we've been pussyfooting about it ever since."

Childers warned that any BTC action could be challenged as illegal if the present council structure is maintained. He said he felt no change could be made in the national constitution until next December.

Charles Roe, of Carpenters Local 1622, pointed out that no protests had been made over action so far under the old setup, and that the Building Trades Department had accepted the BTC's bylaws without question.

C. E. Risley, of Carpenters 36, counseled that "there's no need to rush." He urged delegates to wait for instructions from their internationals.

The new setup, he charged, would wipe out rank and file participation.

Dillashaw replied that the president of every Building Trades international, except the Laborers Union, had approved the new constitution.

Anders Larsen, of Carpenters 36, and a rank and file member of the same local, agreed with Risley in asking for delay.

Rutledge again urged a special meeting. He cited the action of the Central Labor Council the previous night in delaying the expulsion of Teamster and Bakery Worker Locals, ordered by the national AFLCIO.

"Did they get panic-stricken?" He asked. "No. They referred the matter to their executive board for study."

Childers summed up by pointing out that the BTC constitution was referred to the Board of Business Agents which added sections to fit the new national setup.

But, he said, it would be possible to leave the former constitution unchanged unless there was a protest from a BTC affiliate.

Childers said that in 90 percent of BTC's across the nation, rank and file participation would continue under the new constitution. The problem of loss of such participation affects primarily the larger councils, he said. Two of such large BTC's, in Chicago and New York, are also undecided how to act on the constitution, he added.

William Marshall, represent-

ing Carpenters Locals 194, 1158 and 1473, recalled that the BTC had voted previously for a special meeting before action on the issue.

But, on motion of Larsen, the BTC voted to postpone action until further notice.

STATE BTC MEETING

Childers told the BTC that Alameda County delegates had attempted to make the State Building Trades Council more effective at its meeting at Fresno, but action had been stymied by a lengthy resolutions committee debate.

His recommendations, were to increase the state BTC's executive board to 50 to 70 members, with representation for each craft council and local BTC. The board now is composed of less than two dozen members.

Another Alameda County recommendation was for the executive board to meet quarterly or at least three times a year.

Backing up Childers' proposals for revamping the state BTC, Floyd Peaslee, executive secretary of Painters District Council 116, pointed out that western and eastern union problems are entirely different.

"Building trades unions must adapt to new conditions," he urged. "Western unions haven't got recognition for their special problems, and they must make themselves known. We have entirely different problems out here."

Rutledge also said that eastern union headquarters did not recognize western problems.

"There are 35 percent of the Painters Union members in the 11 western states," he said, "but there is 99 percent control in the east."

He warned that when the AFL-CIO decides jurisdictional differences between building trades and industrial unions, maintenance painters will go to the AFLCIO Industrial Union Department.

"This will chop our membership in pieces," he said.

Childers read AFLCIO President George Meany's speech on the jurisdictional question, citing that certain types of work were assured to building trades

MORE on page 7

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Demos back Brown, Engle; rip Knowland plan, 'right to wreck'

California Democrats put Attorney General Edmund G. "Pat" Brown and Congressman Clair Engle at the head of their 1958 slate and made opposition to the so-called "right to work" proposal a major plank in their program.

Brown, who had led the attack on the "right to work" drive as the "right to wreck" union-management relations, was endorsed for governor by the California Democratic Council's pre-primary convention at Fresno.

Engle was the convention's choice for United States Senator.

Brown told the 2000 delegates at the convention he planned the "fightingest" campaign to defeat U. S. Senator William F. Knowland, an early proponent of "right to work" in the governorship race.

The rest of the Democrats' top slate is:

Lieutenant Governor — Glenn M. Anderson, of Hawthorne; Attorney General — Superior Judge Stanley Mosk, of Los Angeles; State Controller — Alan Cranston, of Los Altos; State Treasurer — Bert A. Betts, of San Diego, and Secretary of State — Henry Lopez, of Los Angeles.

The council's platform took direct issue with Knowland's labor program, which the Republican senator terms a "union democracy" scheme.

Knowland's seven points for "clean unionism" were "dishonestly conceived for selfish political motives," the platform said.

"Internal regulation of labor is best performed by labor itself," the platform said in rejecting the scheme to push the anti-union shop "right to work" measure.

Mosk, the council's choice for State Attorney General, told the convention:

"The whole community suffers from so-called 'right to work' laws.

"I have yet to meet an honest employee who will not admit that he and his business actually benefit from union security agreements.

"To outlaw union shop clauses would put California in the same category as the 18 lowest income states in the Union."

Other Democratic platform planks also included repeal or revision of the Taft-Hartley labor law, immediate state and federal action for public works to relieve unemployment, a \$1.25 minimum wage, federal aid to education and fair employment measures.

SMOG has a definitely harmful effect on patients suffering from respiratory diseases, as shown by experiments at the San Francisco Hospital, the Bay Area Air Pollution Board discloses.

Boys in Quentin see top entertainment stars at annual January 1 show

Show business unions brought the boys on the rockpile—San Quentin to you — their annual "Show of Stars" on New Year's Day.

The best talent from theaters and night clubs, singers, dancers, bands and musicians turned out for the event, produced by Bill Van Ornum. The show, a prison publication, said displayed "more talent on the hoof than most John Q's see in a lifetime."

Committee members for the inmates annual free glimpse of outside entertainment were Charles "Pop" Kennedy, of Musicians Local 6; Phil Downey, of the American Guild of Variety Artists; Frank O'Leary, Theatrical Stage Employees Local 16 and William P. Sutherland, Theatrical Wardrobe Attendants Local 784 and Theatrical Employees Local B-18.

And giving their blessing to the event, made possible by the Musicians' Recording Industries trust funds were these international union officers, International Vice President George Hardy, Building Service Employees, Special Representative Steve B. Neman and International Representative John A. Forde, of the IATSE, and President Loyal H. Gilmour, of the Bill Posters.

Fifteen local unions in the entertainment industry cooperated.

Tell 'em you saw it in the East Bay Labor Journal.

'Right to Wreck' drive starts; anti-union vote sought

Continued from page 1

petition shied away from the "right to work" term, which has come to mean "right to wreck."

He asked that the state attorney-general's office label the anti-union measure as some form of "voluntary unionism."

The lawyer is Samuel Holmes, of the wealthy San Francisco firm of Brobeck, Phleger and Harrison. Admitting that his firm had helped write the proposed law, he filed it in the name of a group calling itself the "Citizens Committee for Voluntary Unionism."

Head of the committee is Howard B. Wyatt, of Pasadena, who said he had been a member of Los Angeles Meat Drivers Local 626 for four years.

Without mentioning the important money which it has been disclosed is lined up for "right to wreck," he said that he had received \$1 to \$1,000 contributions from union people since he formed the committee a year ago.

Wyatt, in his action lined himself up with Senator Knowland and the California Association of Employers. On the other side is a solid lineup of California labor.

Attorney General Edmund G. Brown has dubbed the measure "right to wreck," and the California Democratic Council has blasted it.

Before the committee and its powerful backers can get the measure on the ballot, they must persuade 322,429 registered voters to sign petitions.

So union leaders urged their members and all persons interested in continued stable labor-management relations to urge friends and acquaintances to refuse to sign the petitions.

Should the petition qualify for the ballot and be passed, they warned, California will join Mississippi and other low wage states which have enacted such laws.

A possibly misplaced ray of hope of the petition's chances came this week from an unusual source—the San Francisco Examiner. The newspaper reported that Joe Robinson, the biggest professional petition circulator in the state, had refused to handle the right to work measure.

But Robinson's office would not confirm the story. Robinson, himself, was in Los Angeles where the "right to work" committee has its headquarters.

And Haggerty and other union chiefs urged that a battle start now to discourage signing the petition and fight the measure if it reaches to ballot.

Haggerty put it this way: "Those of us in labor and management who have witnessed the constant and encouraging growth of intelligent industrial relations in California cannot but regret this action to turn

unions and employers against one another in bitter and hateful combat.

"This attempt to destroy the democratic processes of free collective bargaining in an hour of international crisis has been done in imitation of the dictator nations which first moved against the contractual liberties of labor and management.

"What these agitators are saying is this: 'Even though a majority of your workers and your employers want the union shop, even though you and your employers have freely agreed to it—we forbid such an agreement.

"In simple terms, this means Big Government will rule management and labor.

"This endeavor to stamp out democracy in industrial relations is not the program of any responsible segment of the business or industrial world.

"We ask all citizens interested in fair play and the future prosperity of California to ignore the petitions which would place this union-wrecking proposal on the November ballot.

"To sign such a petition will not only jeopardize union health and welfare pension programs now protecting more than a million men, women and children in California, but will also drive a grave and dangerous blow at every retailer, merchant and manufacturer in the state whose financial hopes rest on the purchasing power of the wage earner public.

"Further, the security of America requires industrial peace in the present world crisis. It is unthinkable that any true American would plunge labor and management into industrial warfare at a time when the survival of the nation demands stability on the production front."

Warehousemen plan coastwide bargaining

California warehouse locals of the Teamsters Union are ready to back up their union brothers in the Pacific Northwest in 1958 wage negotiations, even if a strike is necessary.

For the first time, Joe Dillon, director of the warehouse division of the Western Conference of Teamsters, said, coast negotiations will be on a district-wide basis.

The aim of the united action is to bring Pacific Northwest locals up to the California wage pattern, he said. The union mainly deals with the same employers in both areas, he pointed out.

Negotiations in Seattle, where the scale is \$1.91 an hour are expected to start about January 20 with a raise demand for about 30 cents an hour. California negotiations are scheduled to start around March 1 when the union will seek somewhere in the neighborhood of a 20-cent increase.

About 1,500 Alameda County warehousemen are members of Warehousemen's Local 12, of the Teamsters.

THE OAKLAND TECHNICAL Adult School offers 77 classes with a wide variety of subjects at its winter term, according to Wendall M. Moore, principal.

LEGAL NOTICE

Notice of Sale On January 28, 1958 of Property Deeded to the State for Delinquent Taxes

Whereas, I was on November 26, 1957 directed by the Board of Supervisors of Alameda County, State of California, and there was received by me and filed in my office, authorization of the State Controller dated December 3, 1957, to sell at public auction certain tax deeded property, public notice is hereby given that unless said property is redeemed prior thereto, I will on January 28, 1958, at the hour of 10:00 o'clock A.M., in the Tax Collector's Office in the Court House of the County of Alameda, in the City of Oakland, sell the said property as directed, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in lawful money of the United States or negotiable paper for not less than the minimum price or prices set forth in this notice.

The parcels of property that are the subject of this notice are situated in the County of Alameda, State of California, and are described as follows:

No. 1. Deed No. 120853. In City of Berkeley, Revised Map of the Valley Road Tract, N 87 ft. of Lot 7, Block 1921/1. Last assessed to H. R. Hewelcke. Minimum price \$82.00.

No. 2. Deed No. 136934. In City of Berkeley, Berkeley View Terrace, Lot 694, Block 2483. Last assessed to James J. and Gladys C. Gahan. Minimum price \$460.00.

No. 3. Deed No. 176864. In City of Hayward, Lot 40 in Block 9 of Hayward Heights. Last assessed to L. W. and Alice M. Clevenger. Minimum price \$252.00.

No. 4. Deed No. 176902. In City of Hayward, Lot 20 according to the map of the John M. Lewis Tract. Last assessed to Michael H. and R. A. Hayes. Minimum price \$501.00.

No. 5. Deed No. 176906. In City of Hayward, Lot 14 in Block 7 according to the map of East 14th St. Home Sites. Last assessed to James Cameron et al. Minimum price \$122.00.

No. 6. Deed No. 176913. In City of Hayward, Lot 120 in Block 12 according to the map of East 14th Street Home Sites. Last assessed to Consolidated Realty Co. Minimum price \$102.00.

No. 7. Deed No. 127740. In City of Hayward, formerly Eden Township, Map of East 14th St. Homesites, Lot 128, Block 12. Last assessed to Frank Condo. Minimum price \$132.00.

No. 8. Deed No. 147142. In City of Hayward, formerly Eden Township, East 14th St. Homesites, Lot 110, Block 12. Last assessed to Laura A. Flamm. Minimum price \$102.00.

No. 9. Deed No. 177083. In Eden Township, Hillcrest Knolls, Lot 4, Block H. Last assessed to Joseph F. Platner. Minimum price \$292.00.

No. 10. Deed No. 159024. In Eden Township, Hillcrest Knolls, Lot 2, Block J. Last assessed to Ted and Helen Russell. Minimum price \$302.00.

No. 11. Deed No. 159026. In Eden Township, Hillcrest Knolls, Lot 4, Block J. Last assessed to Ted and Helen Russell. Minimum price \$302.00.

No. 12. Deed No. 177189. In Eden Township, East Oakland Terrace, Lot 15, Block K 80/159. Last assessed to E. F. and Thelma R. Selby. Minimum price \$302.00.

No. 13. Deed No. 177186. In Eden Township, East Oakland Terrace Lot 9, Block K 80/159. Last assessed to Martin Caldeira. Minimum price \$302.00.

No. 14. Deed No. 177187. In Eden Township, East Oakland Terrace, Lot 11, Block K 80/159. Last assessed to Raymond F. and Myrtle Grinnell. Minimum price \$302.00.

No. 15. Deed No. 132616. In Eden Township, East Oakland Terrace, Lot 25, Block O/80/162. Last assessed to Emily H. Carter. Minimum price \$202.00.

No. 16. Deed No. 177205. In Eden Township,

LEGAL NOTICE

East Oakland Terrace, Lot 32, Block P. 80/163. Last assessed to W. E. and Ada Marchington. Minimum price \$202.00.

No. 17. Deed No. 177219. In Eden Township, East Oakland Terrace, Lot 37, Block F 80/167. Last assessed to Kermit J. and Lila M. Jones. Minimum price \$202.00.

No. 18. Deed No. 177215. In Eden Township, East Oakland Terrace, Lot 16, Block F 80/167. Last assessed to E. F. and Thelma R. Selby. Minimum price \$202.00.

No. 19. Deed No. 177216. In Eden Township, East Oakland Terrace, Lot 17, Block F 80/167. Last assessed to E. F. and Thelma R. Selby. Minimum price \$202.00.

No. 20. Deed No. 177217. In Eden Township, East Oakland Terrace, Lot 22, Block F 80/167. Last assessed to E. F. and Thelma R. Selby. Minimum price \$202.00.

No. 21. Deed No. 177212. In Eden Township, East Oakland Terrace, Lot 8, Block F 80/167. Last assessed to John P. Hansen. Minimum price \$202.00.

No. 22. Deed No. 177213. In Eden Township, East Oakland Terrace, Lot 10, Block F 80/167. Last assessed to E. F. and Thelma R. Selby. Minimum price \$202.00.

No. 23. Deed No. 177214. In Eden Township, East Oakland Terrace, Lot 12, Block F 80/167. Last assessed to E. F. and Thelma R. Selby. Minimum price \$202.00.

No. 24. Deed No. 110074. In Pleasanton Township, Kilkare Woods, Lot 3, Block K. Last assessed to Wm. S. and J. S. Oxley. Minimum price \$152.00.

No. 25. Deed No. 142380. In Pleasanton Township, Kilkare Woods, Lot 7, Block G. Last assessed to John E. and G. M. Muller. Minimum price \$152.00.

If redemption of the property is not made before it is sold, the right of redemption will cease.

EDWIN MEESE, JR.,

Tax Collector of Alameda County, State of California.

Location and Data Concerning Above Parcels

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Each parcel will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder who immediately tenders the full amount of his bid by check or in currency.

Properties are sold subject to certain liens, if any, such as street, sewer, lighting or other special assessments. IF KNOWN to undersigned Tax Collector, existence of lien is indicated by asterisk after item number.

(The following information, unofficial and without warranty, is submitted for the guidance and convenience of prospective purchasers.)

No. 1. In Berkeley, a triangular strip with sides of 87 x 92 ft. and a base of 30 ft. N. of and adjacent to 2461 West Street. Account No. 56-1921-18. Minimum price \$82.00.

No. 2. In Berkeley, an irregular shaped lot with sides of 90 and 107 ft., a rear of 86 ft. and a 50 ft. frontage on N. side of Campus Drive, approximately 350 ft. E. of 1531 Campus Drive. Account No. 60-2483-48. Minimum price \$460.00.

No. 3. In Hayward, a 50 x 130 ft. lot on Tiegian Drive N. of and adjacent to 1243 Highland Blvd. Account No. 78-96-41. Minimum price \$252.00.

No. 4. In Hayward, a 47 x 199 ft. lot S. of and adjacent to 24574 Sybil Street. Account No. 78-99-15. Minimum price \$501.00.

No. 5. In Hayward, a 44 x 93 ft. lot on W. side of Spring Drive, an unopened street, approximately 125 ft. S. of intersection of Central Blvd. Account No. 78B-260-14. Minimum price \$122.00.

No. 6. In Hayward, a 47 x 281 ft. lot on E. side of Lindbergh Court, approximately 48 ft. NW from intersection of Central Blvd. Account No. 78B-271-65. Minimum price \$102.00.

No. 7. In Hayward, formerly Eden Township, a 45 x 234 ft. lot on E. side of Lindbergh Court, approximately 60 ft. S. from turn around cul-de-

LEGAL NOTICE

sac. Account No. 78B-271-37. Minimum price \$132.00.

No. 8. In Hayward, formerly Eden Township, an irregular shaped lot with sides of 97 & 144 ft., a rear of 125 ft. and a 50 ft. N. side Maitland Drive frontage, approximately 75 ft. E. of intersection of Central Drive. Account No. 78B-271-75. Minimum price \$102.00.

No. 9. In Eden Township, a 50 x 128 ft. lot on E. side of Midland Road S. of and adjacent to 14715 Midland Road. Account No. 79-3-9. Minimum price \$292.00.

No. 10. In Eden Township, a 55 x 80 ft. lot on E. side of Aurelia Road approximately 160 ft. S. of intersection of Upland Road. Account No. 79-10-2. Minimum price \$302.00.

No. 11. In Eden Township, a 50 x 102 ft. lot on E. side of Aurelia Road approximately 60 ft. S. of above Parcel 2. Account No. 79-10-4. Minimum price \$302.00.

No. 12. In Eden Township, a 32 x 135 ft. lot on W. side of 166th Avenue approximately 195 ft. NE from intersection of Hannah Drive. Account No. 80A-208-1. Minimum price \$302.00.

No. 13. In Eden Township, an irregular shaped lot on W. side of 166th Avenue with sides of 83 and 102 ft., a rear of 40 ft. and a 50 ft. frontage, approximately 137 ft. NW of 2201 166th Avenue. Account No. 80A-209-3. Minimum price \$302.00.

No. 14. In Eden Township, an irregular shaped lot on W. side of 166th Avenue with sides of 121 and 140 ft., a rear of 35 ft. and a frontage of 40 ft., approximately 48 ft. NW of 2201 166th Avenue. Account No. 80A-209-5. Minimum price \$302.00.

No. 15. In Eden Township, a 35 x 126 ft. lot on E. side of Lomita Drive directly abutting the rear of 16613 Winding Blvd. Account No. 80A-211-25. Minimum price \$202.00.

No. 16. In Eden Township, a 40 x 92 ft. lot on E. side of Winding Blvd. approximately 40 ft. NE of 16720 Winding Blvd. Account No. 80A-212-33. Minimum price \$202.00.

No. 17. In Eden Township, a 40 x 126 ft. lot on N. side of 168th Avenue approximately 120 ft. west of 2345 168th Avenue. Account No. 80A-215-7. Minimum price \$202.00.

No. 18. In Eden Township, a 35 x 139 ft. lot on S. side of Lomita Drive approximately 130 ft. from intersection of Winding Blvd. Account No. 80A-215-13. Minimum price \$202.00.

No. 19. In Eden Township, a 38 x 144 ft. lot on S. side of Lomita Drive E. of and adjacent to above Parcel 13. Account No. 80A-215-14. Minimum price \$202.00.

No. 20. In Eden Township, an irregular shaped lot on S. side of Winding Blvd. with sides of 138 and 157 ft., a rear of 28 ft. and a 40 ft. frontage approximately 160 ft. due East of above Parcel 14. Account No. 80A-215-19. Minimum price \$202.00.

No. 21. In Eden Township, an irregular shaped lot with sides of 111 and 131 ft. a rear of 71 ft. and a West side Lomita Drive frontage of 33 ft. approximately 433 ft. S. from intersection of 166th Avenue. Account No. 80A-216-8. Minimum price \$202.00.

No. 22. In Eden Township, an irregular shaped lot on W. side of Lomita Drive with sides of 165 and 210 ft., a rear of 71 ft. and a 33 ft. frontage, approximately 34 ft. S. of above Parcel 3. Account No. 80A-216-10. Minimum price \$202.00.

No. 23. In Eden Township, an irregular shaped lot on W. side of Lomita Drive with sides of 181 and 163 ft., a rear of 64 ft. and a 33 ft. frontage, approximately 34 ft. S. of above Parcel 10. Account No. 80A-216-12. Minimum price \$202.00.

No. 24. In Pleasanton Township, an irregular shaped lot in Kilkare Woods, with sides of 86 and 89 ft., a double frontage of 80 ft. and 56 ft. on Park Way Subdivision Road. Account No. 96-527-3, formerly 95-252-3. Minimum price \$152.00.

No. 25. In Pleasanton Township, an irregular shaped lot with sides of 50 and 72 ft., a rear of 61 ft. and a 39 ft. Park Way Subdivision Road frontage. Account No. 96-527-12, formerly 95-252-12. Minimum price \$152.00.

EDWIN MEESE, JR.,

Tax Collector of Alameda County, State of California.

Dated: Jan. 3, 10 & 17, 1958

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Postal Unions fear like veto of new pay increase bill

The post office employees — forgotten men when federal pay increases are handed out—will try this year to get a wage boost through Congress in time to beat an expected veto by President Eisenhower.

A. B. McClintock, secretary of the Postal Central Council here, told the Central Labor Council this week that postal unions, who lost an 11 percent raise last year by an Eisenhower veto, would seek an approximate 15 percent increase this year, retroactive to September 1, 1957.

The council voted unanimously to mail out postal unions' literature when the unions have decided which of approximately a half dozen new pay raise bills merits support.

"Every letter to a Congressman or Senator, even a short note from an individual or union will help," McClintock said.

He said that when postal union officers sought an interview with the President on last year's pay raise bill, Eisenhower had "no time from his putting duties."

The strategy this year, he said, is to try to get early passage of one pay raise through Congress so that Congress will have time to overrule a veto. Last year's raise was approved overwhelmingly in both houses of Congress late in the session.

And, he added, Eisenhower's veto last year made him the only President in history to veto three post office wage increase measures.

Berkeley Trainmen may affiliate to Labor Council

Two observers from Berkeley Lodge 71 of the Brotherhood of Trainmen were interested guests at this week's Central Labor Council meeting.

The two, D. F. Adams and Louis Kemnitz, were sent by their union to watch the CLC in action and report back on possible affiliation. The BRT international, previously an independent union, recently joined the AFLCIO.

CLC delegates seated

The following were seated as delegates to the Alameda County Central Labor Council this week:

Harold Benner, Alameda County School Employees Local 257; Billy O. Kidd, American Federation of Government Employees Local 1533; Ethel (Jo) Edwards, Offset Reproduction Artists Local 473; Walter MacDonald, San Francisco-Oakland Photo Engravers Local 8; Manuel Francis, East Bay Auto Machinists Local 1546.

State policy on job agencies hit by CLC

The Central Labor Council this week protested a new State Department of Employment policy of suggesting to jobless persons that they register with private, fee-charging employment agencies.

In a session with the department, CLC Assistant Secretary Art Hellender also took issue with the department's suggestion that unemployed workers pay for newspaper job wanted advertisements, which few can afford.

William Stumpf, of East Bay Union of Machinists Local 1304, backed up Hellender's view on the private agencies at the CLC meeting.

One job hunter, he said, paid \$104 to be referred to a job in Local 1304's jurisdiction. Then he was referred by the employer to the union, which put him to work.

Had he bypassed the expensive agency and landed the job himself, he would have saved the \$104, Stumpf emphasized. The union now is trying to reclaim the \$104 for him, Stumpf said.

Registering with private agencies and buying ads are two new items on a check list which unemployed persons must fill out to prove they are making a hunt for a job to remain eligible for unemployment benefits.

Tell 'em you saw it in the East Bay Labor Journal.

Auto union asks share in profits for car buyers

The United Automobile Workers this week sprang a novel profit-sharing plan on their employers, asking that not only union members but automobile buyers get a share.

The program, made public by UAW President Walter Reuther, would divide up all profits above 10 percent four ways.

One-half would go to stockholders and executives as bonuses. One quarter would go to the auto workers and salaried employees and the other quarter would be split as a rebate among those who had bought cars during the last year.

A special union convention in Detroit next week will act on the profit-sharing program.

Reuther described it as a non-inflationary plan which would boost purchasing power, but auto manufacturers promptly announced they would have none of it.

The only companies whose profit level would qualify them for the new plan are General Motors, Ford and Chrysler.

THE EAST BAY Health and Welfare Council, composed of union representatives, will hold its first 1958 meeting on January 23 at the Sea Food Grotto, in Oakland. Speaker will be Julius Friedman, of UC.

BTC debates new constitution

Continued from page 5

and industrial unions but that the AFLCIO will decide on February 28 what "borderline" employment is to be allocated to each.

Risley, asking that the BTC not become too involved in a battle over state council structure, cited organization of central valley building trades craftsmen by John L. Lewis' District 50.

"Let's not fight each other," he urged.

1958 POLITICAL CAMPAIGN

Childers reported that he and Central Labor Council Secretary Robert S. Ash had secured approval of AFLCIO heads for a local group to be set up for labor political activity in the 1958 campaigns.

The group is to function until the California State Federation of Labor and California CIO Council act for a statewide political education group.

A meeting to set up the local group was held January 9.

BTC AGREEMENT

A Building Trades Council contract with Ray Gomez, cement contractor, was approved.

CITY OF HOPE

The BTC approved the trustees' recommendation for the annual generous contribution to the City of Hope, sanitarium for treatment and study of cancer and other serious diseases, at Duarte, California.

CHILDERS TO CONFERENCES

Childers was instructed to attend the Eighth Annual Governor's Statewide Industrial Safety Conference at the Fairmont Hotel, San Francisco, on February 6 and 7. He was told to attend another conference called by the governor on youth participation in community affairs, February 11 and 12, if it did not conflict with other duties.

KOHLER STRIKE

BTC Secretary John L. Davy called attention to the nearly four year old strike against the Kohler Company in Sheboygan, Wisconsin, and urged delegates to boycott Kohler products.

DELEGATES SEATED

The BTC seated these delegates last week:

Cement Masons Local 594—M. B. Dillashaw and James Davis (reelected as delegates); Jack Hill and Boyd Fish (new delegates).

Steamfitters Local 342—John Davy, C. D. Gibbon, Lou Kovacovich, James Maritn, John Mathais and William Weber Sr. (reelected).

Patronize Our Advertisers!

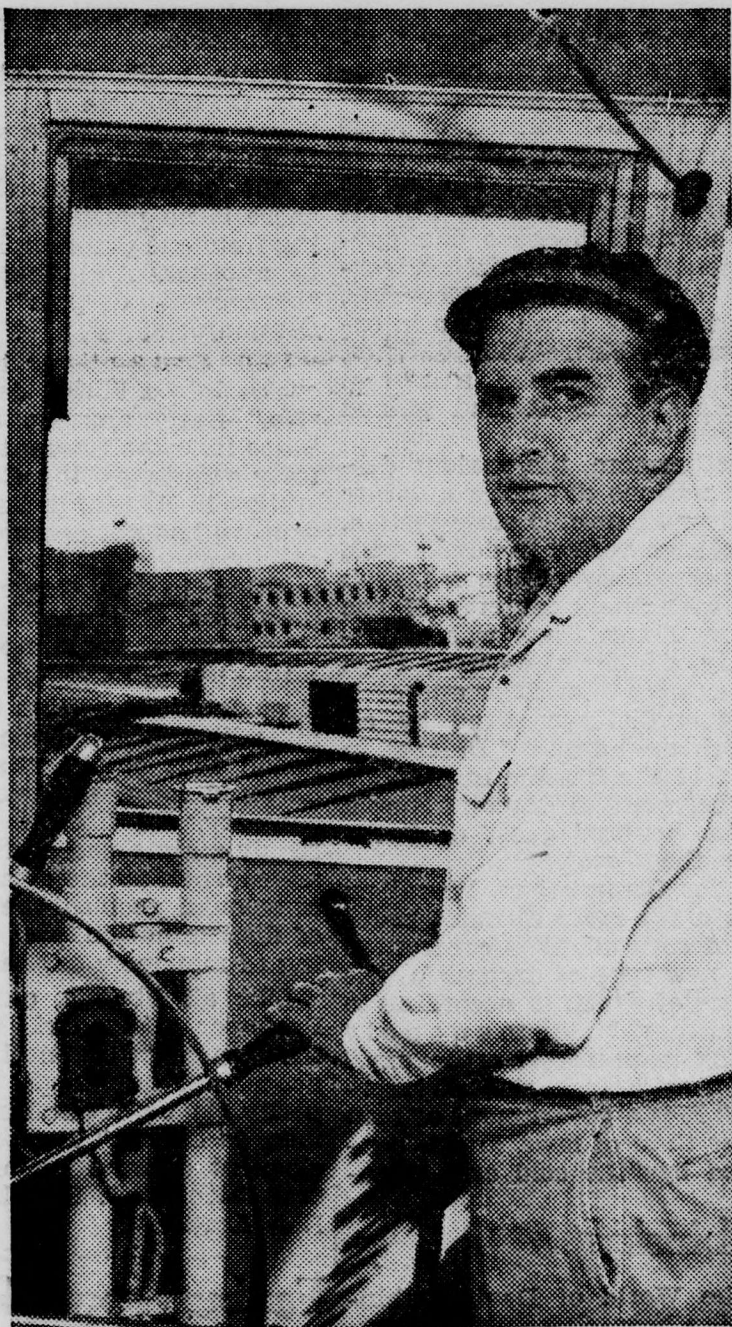
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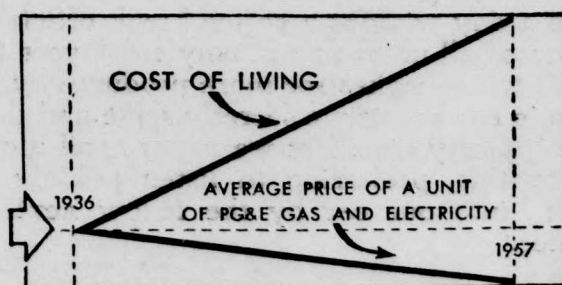


He spends 6 minutes here...to save his wife hours at home

Captain Lloyd Jensen, Santa Fe Railway tugboat skipper, finds his pay for just 6 minutes will run a houseful of appliances for 24 hours.

In about the time it takes to back his tug away from a pier, Captain Jensen has earned enough to heat and light his Oakland home for 24 hours. This 6 minutes' pay also provides the gas and electricity that operate Mrs. Jensen's 30 labor-saving appliances (like the food mixer she's using).

By any comparison, gas and electricity are unusual bargains. Your P. G. and E. bill may be higher today than in past years, but that's because you use more gas and electricity—for better living. The average cost of a unit of gas and electricity is one-third lower today than in 1936.



Live better—gas and electricity are cheap in California

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East Bay LABOR JOURNAL



FOUNDED APRIL 3, 1926 . . . Only Official Publication of Central Labor Council—AFL-CIO and Building Trades Council of Alameda County—AFL-CIO.

1622 East Twelfth Street Phones: ANDover 1-3981, 3982
R. L. BURGESS, Editor
32nd Year, No. 42 January 17, 1958

Our huge diamond-back awakens other rattlers

Lawrence E. Davies, correspondent of the New York Times, reported in a recent issue of that national newspaper:

"California's senior Senator has started something. Senator William F. Knowland's embracing of the 'right to work' as a dominant issue in his 1958 campaign for Governor is becoming contagious."

He follows this by reporting developments in Washington and Idaho, and links these developments with the fact that "the Knowland strategy has been closely watched" in those two States for the last three months.

In Washington, where a "right to work" proposal was beaten just last year, they are avoiding the phrase "right to work" this time and are disguising their open shop proposal under the term "voluntary unionism." It is planned to get a signature-gathering campaign for the initiative measure well under way this month.

In Idaho, where the anti-labor gadget is called "freedom to work," thousands of signatures for an initiative petition have already been gathered. In that State, such a measure actually passed the lower house of the Legislature last year, but failed in the Senate.

While the idea was beaten two to one in Washington last year, and, as just stated, in the Idaho Legislature failed to make it, apparently the Pacific Northwest enemies of labor are much encouraged by the public reaction against labor from the McClellan Committee disclosures. Also they are tremendously encouraged to have so prominent a politician as Senator Knowland take up the cudgels.

The New York Times writer points out that last year in the State of Washington not one prominent politician of either party could be persuaded to come out for the open shop scheme. This time it's different, the campaign manager for the anti-labor forces announcing gleefully:

"This time our board of directors includes men whose names are outstanding all over the State, and we've already raised the money for the signature campaign."

He added that Senator Knowland himself will probably be asked to speak in the State during the campaign.

The fact that torpor in the anti-labor rattlesnake dens of other States has been removed by the stirring of the biggest diamond-backed rattlesnake on the Pacific Coast, our own priceless Senator from Formosa, should rouse us of California organized labor to redoubled efforts. Let's clean out all three of these rattlesnake dens, but here in California let's be sure we get the top rattler of the tribe!

The colossal coffee break

The NLRB has ruled that an employer committed an unfair labor practice by ending a coffee break privilege without consulting the union. The company must henceforth bargain with the union on coffee breaks as on wages, hours, and various fringe benefits.

To many union members it may come as a surprise that a company would even try to remove the coffee break, so firmly has it become established in many shops and whole industries. The Pan American Coffee Bureau reports that since 1950, when 49% of the workers in this country enjoyed a coffee break, the figure has risen to 71%. So far, less than a third of those having the break get it twice a day, but the two-a-day break is plainly on the way.

The Tea Council claims that for every three cups of coffee drunk during the breaks, one cup of tea is quaffed, which also is in the nature of a surprise. Who drinks this tea, and where do they hide themselves?

Some of us old-timers who remember working from 10 to 12 hours a day without a coffee break officially sanction the contention of all unions and many employers that the coffee break on the whole makes for more productivity. But sometimes deep down in our hearts we secretly smile and think young folks now have it pretty nice. But we never spoil a coffee break by mentioning this, preferring to listen politely to the tale of woe poured into our ear by the fellow next to us at the coffee counter.

27 PORT CITIES on the East, South, and West Coasts will have new union halls built by the AFLCIO National Maritime Union as the result of a 3 to 2 vote for a dues increase of \$20 a year in a record referendum. Buildings, to be put up at the rate of three a year, will cost from \$500,000 to \$600,000 apiece in most ports. Looks as though the NMU has confidence in the future of unionism!



LIBERTY BEAT KINGS, NOW HAS TOUGHER FOES

How did liberalism manage to survive in the past? What are its chances of survival today? Massimo Salvadori, in his book "Liberal Democracy" gives thoughtful and well-informed answers to these questions.

In the past, under absolute monarchy, he observes, liberalism survived because the governments were inefficient, corrupt and ignorant. Moreover, they were not totalitarian in organization. Hence they did not, could not, suppress a liberal movement once it had gained momentum.

Furthermore, the various despotic nations did not constitute a universal, unified state system. Oppression varied in degree with the personality of the monarch and with the character of the nation. Hence there was a possibility of a liberal escaping from one country to another and even being cordially received by an "enlightened despot." Diderot, in dread of the Bastille in despotic France, went to despotic Russia as the honored guest of Catherine the Great.

Under Communism, liberalism faces a far more difficult problem of survival. It is confronted by a new type of despotism, the essence of which is, according to the author, "total monopoly leading to universal orthodoxy," known as "totalitarian dictatorship." It is a government of men rather than of laws, and is controlled by "the cold and calcu-

lated fanaticism of elites" which are efficient, well-informed and dependable.

Again, unlike absolute monarchy, Communism aims to establish a universal state system. In those lands where it triumphed, about one-third of the world, there is no possibility of escaping from one Communist country to another. And there are no "benevolent despots" among Communists.

Will Communism, in time, evolve into a liberal democracy? "No," flatly answers Salvadori. Since its establishment by Lenin forty years ago, the Communist system in Russia, in its essential aspects, has not changed. And it cannot change as long as no opposition to the Government is permitted. Once that is granted, Communism would not survive.

What is to be done? Under no circumstances, asserts Salvadori, must liberals fall under "the illusion that old liberties can be bartered for new ones." On the contrary, old liberties must be firmly maintained and new ones added, such as the emancipation of colonial peoples, the abolition of discrimination, and the curbing of monopoly capitalism.

Like all liberals, old or new, Professor Salvadori proclaims the truth "that nothing, not peace, not happiness, not prosperity, is as important for all men as liberty." His book is an eloquent affirmation of his liberal faith. — J. S. Schapiro, in New Leader.

Faubus, sputnik

Credited as gains for freedom in 1957 were improvements in race relations in many sections of the country, the United Nations resolution indicting the Soviet Union's suppression of the Hungarian revolution, moves against racketeers in labor and "the awakening of the American people from recent complacency."

On balance, the committee said, the anti-integration stand of Gov. Orval E. Faubus of Arkansas and the Russian satellites tipped the scales against freedom for the year.

"Faubus was a name that winged its way everywhere to tarnish the American dream of freedom for all men," the report said. "The earth satellite launched by Russia had a shattering impact upon American confidence at home and prestige abroad, far beyond its importance as a scientific development."—Freedom House report.

OPINIONS

You Write 'Em . . .
We Run 'Em!

LINCOLN'S VIEW IS GOOD TODAY

Editor, Labor Journal:

Of all Abraham Lincoln's State papers the "First Message" was most remarkable. This message reveals he had a clear concept that the basic issue of the time was not the freedom of the slaves but the preservation of the ideal of democracy. Two propositions were in solution in his mind when he was elected president; that slavery must be checked because it was an aristocratic institution inimical to the interest of the "plain people"; that the Union was sacred because it made possible a great experiment in government "of the people, for the people and by the people."

"This is essentially a people's contest. On the side of the Union it is a struggle for maintaining in the world that form and substance of government whose leading object is to elevate the condition of men; to lift artificial weights from all shoulders; to clear the paths of laudable pursuit for all; to afford all an unfettered start and fair chance in the race of life."

It seems to me that there is a parallelism of basic issues existing in the present contest between a minority group of conservative politicians and representatives of industrial managers; who advocate so called "Right to Work" laws; and a majority of responsible enlightened managers supporting honest labor leaders and members of organized labor who desire to maintain the democratic method of collective bargaining to decide the conditions under which men will labor.

It is my opinion that the will of enlightened management and organized labor who believe in the American free private enterprise system and democratic process will prevail over the retrogressive, reactionary group, who wish to deprive labor and management of the right of collective bargaining, established by men of good will.

Fraternalty yours,
PHILIP E. PARENT,
4133 Webster Street,
Oakland 9, California.

★ ★ ★

READER HAPPY ABOUT JAN. 10 ISSUE

Editor, Labor Journal:

Yes sir, the January 10 issue of the East Bay Labor Journal is a right smacking good issue, or to emphasize more emphatically it is a darn good issue, cram full of labor news.

C. T. WOLD,
1116 East 12th Street,
Oakland.
Painters Union, Local 3

★ ★ ★

SAFE

Nothing like being a safe liberal. There's no telling how far it'll get you. Dick Nixon is trying to look like one, and another young, handsome candidate has already found it out. After all, that's the rage nowadays. What's good for Jack Kennedy may be good for the country.—RF in Labor's Daily.

★ ★ ★

THE SLOWDOWN

When a man begins realizing the truth about himself, it frequently slows down his program for reforming his neighbors or co-workers.—The Carpenter.

★ ★ ★

CHRONEX

. . . several signs that the intellectual Chronicle is turning sensational while the imperial Examiner is going intellectual.—Bill Millis in Bay Guildsman.